Pari-GP reference card

(PARI-GP version 2.10.0)

Note: optional arguments are surrounded by braces {}.
To start the calculator, type its name in the terminal: `gp`
To exit `gp`, type `quit`, `\q`, or `<C-D>` at prompt.

Help

describe function	`?`*function*
extended description	`??`*keyword*
list of relevant help topics	`???`*pattern*
name of GP-1.39 function f in GP-2.*	`whatnow`(f)

Input/Output

previous result, the result before	`%`, `%‘`, `%‘‘`, etc.
n-th result since startup	`%`n
separate multiple statements on line	`;`
extend statement on additional lines	`\`
extend statements on several lines	{seq_1`;` seq_2`;`}
comment	`/* ... */`
one-line comment, rest of line ignored	`\\ ...`

Metacommands & Defaults

set default d to val	`default`$(\{d\},\{val\})$
toggle timer on/off	`#`
print time for last result	`##`
print defaults	`\d`
set debug level to n	`\g` n
set memory debug level to n	`\gm` n
set n significant digits / bits	`\p` n`, \pb` n
set n terms in series	`\ps` n
quit GP	`\q`
print the list of PARI types	`\t`
print the list of user-defined functions	`\u`
read file into GP	`\r` *filename*

Debugger / break loop

get out of break loop	`break` or `<C-D>`
go up/down n frames	`dbg_up`$(\{n\})$, `dbg_down`
set break point	`breakpoint`$()$
examine object o	`dbg_x`(o)
current error data	`dbg_err`$()$
number of objects on heap and their size	`getheap`$()$
total size of objects on PARI stack	`getstack`$()$

PARI Types & Input Formats

`t_INT`. Integers; hex, binary	± 31; $\pm$`0x1F`, $\pm$`0b101`
`t_REAL`. Reals	± 3.14, $6.022\,E23$
`t_INTMOD`. Integers modulo m	`Mod`(n,m)
`t_FRAC`. Rational Numbers	n/m
`t_FFELT`. Elt in finite field F_q	`ffgen(q)`
`t_COMPLEX`. Complex Numbers	$x + y*$`I`
`t_PADIC`. p-adic Numbers	$x +$ `O`$(p\hat{}k)$
`t_QUAD`. Quadratic Numbers	$x + y*$ `quadgen`(D)
`t_POLMOD`. Polynomials modulo g	`Mod`(f,g)
`t_POL`. Polynomials	$a*x\hat{}n + \cdots + b$
`t_SER`. Power Series	$f +$ `O`$(x\hat{}k)$
`t_RFRAC`. Rational Functions	f/g
`t_QFI`/`t_QFR`. Imag/Real binary quad. form	`Qfb`$(a,b,c,\{d\})$
`t_VEC`/`t_COL`. Row/Column Vectors	$[x,y,z]$, $[x,y,z]$`~`
`t_VEC` integer range	`[1..10]`

`t_VECSMALL`. Vector of small ints	`Vecsmall([`x,y,z`])`
`t_MAT`. Matrices	`[`a,b`;`c,d`]`
`t_LIST`. Lists	`List([`x,y,z`])`
`t_STR`. Strings	`"abc"`
`t_INFINITY`. $\pm\infty$	`+oo, -oo`

Reserved Variable Names

$\pi = 3.14\ldots$, $\gamma = 0.57\ldots$, $C = 0.91\ldots$	`Pi`, `Euler`, `Catalan`
square root of -1	`I`
Landau's big-oh notation	`O`

Information about an Object

PARI type of object x	`type`(x)
length of x / size of x in memory	`#`x, `sizebyte`(x)
real precision / bit precision of x	`precision`(x), `bitprecision`
p-adic, series prec. of x	`padicprec`(x), `serprec`

Operators

basic operations	`+, - , *, /, ^, sqr`
`i=i+1, i=i-1, i=i*j, ...`	`i++, i--, i*=j,...`
euclidean quotient, remainder	x`\`y, x`\`y, x`%`y, `divrem`(x,y)
shift x left or right n bits	x`<<`n, x`>>`n or `shift`$(x,\pm n)$
multiply by 2^n	`shiftmul`(x,n)
comparison operators	`<=, <, >=, >, ==, !=, ===, lex, cmp`
boolean operators (or, and, not)	`||, &&, !`
bit operations	`bitand, bitneg, bitor, bitxor, bitnegimply`
sign of $x = -1, 0, 1$	`sign`(x)
maximum/minimum of x and y	`max, min`(x,y)
derivative of f	f`'`
differential operator	`diffop`$(f,v,d,\{n=1\})$
quote operator (formal variable)	`'x`
assignment	`x =` *value*
simultaneous assignment $x \leftarrow v_1$, $y \leftarrow v_2$	`[x,y] = v`

Select Components

n-th component of x	`component`(x,n)
n-th component of vector/list x	x`[`n`]`
components $a, a+1, \ldots, b$ of vector x	x`[`a`..`b`]`
(m,n)-th component of matrix x	x`[`m`,`n`]`
row m or column n of matrix x	x`[`m`,]`, x`[,`n`]`
numerator/denominator of x	`numerator`(x), `denominator`

Random Numbers

random integer/prime in $[0, N[$	`random`(N), `randomprime`
get/set random seed	`getrand`, `setrand`(s)

Conversions

to vector, matrix, vec. of small ints	`Col/Vec,Mat,Vecsmall`
to list, set, map, string	`List, Set, Map, Str`
create PARI object (x mod y)	`Mod`(x,y)
make x a polynomial of v	`Pol`$(x,\{v\})$
as `Pol`, etc., starting with constant term	`Polrev, Vecrev, Colrev`
make x a power series of v	`Ser`$(x,\{v\})$
string from bytes / from format+args	`Strchr, Strprintf`
TeX string	`Strtex`(x)
convert x to simplest possible type	`simplify`(x)
object x with real precision n	`precision`(x,n)
object x with bit precision n	`bitprecision`(x,n)
set precision to p digits in dynamic scope	`localprec`(p)
set precision to p bits in dynamic scope	`localbitprec`(p)

Conjugates and Lifts

conjugate of a number x	`conj`(x)
norm of x, product with conjugate	`norm`(x)
L^p norm of x (L^∞ if no p)	`normlp`$(x,\{p\})$
square of L^2 norm of x	`norml2`(x)
lift of x from Mods and p-adics	`lift, centerlift`(x)
recursive lift	`liftall`
lift all `t_INT` and `t_PADIC` ($\rightarrow$`t_INT`)	`liftint`
lift all `t_POLMOD` ($\rightarrow$`t_POL`)	`liftpol`

Lists, Sets & Maps

Sets (= row vector with strictly increasing entries w.r.t. `cmp`)

intersection of sets x and y	`setintersect`(x,y)
set of elements in x not belonging to y	`setminus`(x,y)
union of sets x and y	`setunion`(x,y)
does y belong to the set x	`setsearch`$(x,y,\{flag\})$
set of all $f(x,y)$, $x \in X$, $y \in Y$	`setbinop`(f,X,Y)
is x a set ?	`setisset`(x)

Lists. create empty list: $L =$ `List`$()$

append x to list L	`listput`$(L,x,\{i\})$
remove i-th component from list L	`listpop`$(L,\{i\})$
insert x in list L at position i	`listinsert`(L,x,i)
sort the list L in place	`listsort`$(L,\{flag\})$

Maps. create empty dictionnary: $M =$ `Map`$()$

attach value v to key k	`mapput`(M,k,v)
recover value attach to key k or error	`mapget`(M,k)
is key k in the dict ? (set v to $M(k)$)	`mapisdefined`$(M,k,\{\&v\})$
remove k from map domain	`mapdelete`(M,k)

GP Programming

User functions and closures

x, y are formal parameters; y defaults to `Pi` if parameter opitted;
z, t are local variables (lexical scope), z initialized to 1.

`fun(x, y=Pi) = my(z=1, t);` *seq*
`fun = (x, y=Pi) -> my(z=1, t);` *seq*

attach a help message to f	`addhelp`(f)
undefine symbol s (also kills help)	`kill`(s)

Control Statements (X: formal parameter in expression seq)

if $a \neq 0$, evaluate seq_1, else seq_2	`if`$(a,\{seq_1\},\{seq_2\})$
eval. seq for $a \leq X \leq b$	`for`$(X=a,b,seq)$
... for primes $a \leq X \leq b$	`forprime`$(X=a,b,seq)$
... for composites $a \leq X \leq b$	`forcomposite`$(X=a,b,seq)$
... for $a \leq X \leq b$ stepping s	`forstep`$(X=a,b,s,seq)$
... for X dividing n	`fordiv`(n,X,seq)
multivariable `for`, lex ordering	`forvec`$(X=v,seq)$
loop over partitions of n	`forpart`$(p=n,seq)$
loop over vectors v, $q(v) \leq B$; $q > 0$	`forqfvec`(v,q,b,seq)
loop over $H < G$ finite abelian group	`forsubgroup`$(H=G)$
evaluate seq until $a \neq 0$	`until`(a,seq)
while $a \neq 0$, evaluate seq	`while`(a,seq)
exit n innermost enclosing loops	`break`$(\{n\})$
start new iteration of n-th enclosing loop	`next`$(\{n\})$
return x from current subroutine	`return`$(\{x\})$

Exceptions, warnings

raise an exception / warn	`error(), warning()`
type of error message E	`errname`(E)
try seq_1, evaluate seq_2 on error	`iferr`(seq_1,E,seq_2)

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Functions with closure arguments / results

select from v according to f	`select`(f, v)
apply f to all entries in v	`apply`(f, v)
evaluate $f(a_1, \ldots, a_n)$	`call`(f, a)
evaluate $f(\ldots f(f(a_1, a_2), a_3) \ldots, a_n)$	`fold`(f, a)
calling function as closure	`self`()

Sums & Products

sum $X = a$ to $X = b$, initialized at x	`sum`$(X = a, b, expr, \{x\})$
sum entries of vector v	`vecsum`(v)
sum $expr$ over divisors of n	`sumdiv`$(n, X, expr)$
... assuming $expr$ multiplicative	`sumdivmult`$(n, X, expr)$
product $a \le X \le b$, initialized at x	`prod`$(X = a, b, expr, \{x\})$
product over primes $a \le X \le b$	`prodeuler`$(X = a, b, expr)$

Sorting

sort x by k-th component	`vecsort`$(x, \{k\}, \{fl = 0\})$
min. m of x ($m = x[i]$), max.	`vecmin`$(x, \{\&i\})$, `vecmax`
does y belong to x, sorted wrt. f	`vecsearch`$(x, y, \{f\})$

Input/Output

print with/without `\n`, TEX format	`print`, `print1`, `printtex`
print fields with separator	`printsep`$(sep, \ldots)$, `printsep1`
formatted printing	`printf`()
write $args$ to file	`write`, `write1`, `writetex`$(file, args)$
write x in binary format	`writebin`$(file, x)$
read file into GP	`read`$(\{file\})$
... return as vector of lines	`readvec`$(\{file\})$
... return as vector of strings	`readstr`$(\{file\})$
read a string from keyboard	`input`()

Timers

CPU time in ms and reset timer	`gettime`()
CPU time in ms since gp startup	`getabstime`()
time in ms since UNIX Epoch	`getwalltime`()
timeout command after s seconds	`alarm`$(s, expr)$

Interface with system

allocates a new stack of s bytes	`allocatemem`$(\{s\})$
alias old to new	`alias`(new, old)
install function from library	`install`$(f, code, \{gpf\}, \{lib\})$
execute system command a	`system`(a)
as above, feed result to GP	`extern`(a)
as above, return GP string	`externstr`(a)
get `$VAR` from environment	`getenv("VAR")`
expand env. variable in string	`Strexpand`(x)

Parallel evaluation

These functions evaluate their arguments in parallel (pthreads or MPI); args. must not access global variables and must be free of side effects. Enabled if threading engine is not *single* in gp header.

evaluate f on $x[1], \ldots, x[n]$	`parapply`(f, x)
evaluate closures $f[1], \ldots, f[n]$	`pareval`(f)
as `select`	`parselect`$(f, A, \{flag\})$
as `sum`	`parsum`$(i = a, b, expr, \{x\})$
as `vector`	`parvector`$(n, i, \{expr\})$
eval f for $i = a, \ldots, b$	`parfor`$(i = a, \{b\}, f, \{r\}, \{f_2\})$
... for p prime in $[a, b]$	`parforprime`$(p = a, \{b\}, f, \{r\}, \{f_2\})$
... multivariate	`parforvec`$(X = v, f, \{r\}, \{f_2\}, \{flag\})$
declare x as inline (allows to use as global)	`inline`(x)
stop inlining	`uninline`()

Linear Algebra

dimensions of matrix x	`matsize`(x)
concatenation of x and y	`concat`$(x, \{y\})$
extract components of x	`vecextract`$(x, y, \{z\})$
transpose of vector or matrix x	`mattranspose`(x) or x`~`
adjoint of the matrix x	`matadjoint`(x)
eigenvectors/values of matrix x	`mateigen`(x)
characteristic/minimal polynomial of x	`charpoly`(x), `minpoly`
trace/determinant of matrix x	`trace`(x), `matdet`
Frobenius form of x	`matfrobenius`(x)
QR decomposition	`matqr`(x)
apply `matqr`'s transform to v	`mathouseholder`(Q, v)

Constructors & Special Matrices

$\{g(x) : x \in v \text{ s.t. } f(x)\}$	`[g(x) | x <- v, f(x)]`
$\{x : x \in v \text{ s.t. } f(x)\}$	`[x | x <- v, f(x)]`
$\{g(x) : x \in v\}$	`[g(x) | x <- v]`
row vec. of $expr$ eval'ed at $1 \le i \le n$	`vector`$(n, \{i\}, \{expr\})$
col. vec. of $expr$ eval'ed at $1 \le i \le n$	`vectorv`$(n, \{i\}, \{expr\})$
vector of small ints	`vectorsmall`$(n, \{i\}, \{expr\})$
$[c, c \cdot x, \ldots, c \cdot x^n]$	`powers`$(x, n, \{c = 1\})$
matrix $1 \le i \le m$, $1 \le j \le n$	`matrix`$(m, n, \{i\}, \{j\}, \{expr\})$
define matrix by blocks	`matconcat`(B)
diagonal matrix with diagonal x	`matdiagonal`(x)
is x diagonal?	`matisdiagonal`(x)
$x \cdot$ `matdiagonal`(d)	`matmuldiagonal`(x, d)
$n \times n$ identity matrix	`matid`(n)
Hessenberg form of square matrix x	`mathess`(x)
$n \times n$ Hilbert matrix $H_{ij} = (i + j - 1)^{-1}$	`mathilbert`(n)
$n \times n$ Pascal triangle	`matpascal`$(n - 1)$
companion matrix to polynomial x	`matcompanion`(x)
Sylvester matrix of x	`polsylvestermatrix`(x)

Gaussian elimination

kernel of matrix x	`matker`$(x, \{flag\})$
intersection of column spaces of x and y	`matintersect`(x, y)
solve $M * X = B$ (M invertible)	`matsolve`(M, B)
as solve, modulo D (col. vector)	`matsolvemod`(M, D, B)
one sol of $M * X = B$	`matinverseimage`(M, B)
basis for image of matrix x	`matimage`(x)
columns of x *not* in `matimage`	`matimagecompl`(x)
supplement columns of x to get basis	`matsupplement`(x)
rows, cols to extract invertible matrix	`matindexrank`(x)
rank of the matrix x	`matrank`(x)

Lattices & Quadratic Forms

Quadratic forms

evaluate ${}^t xQy$	`qfeval`$(\{Q = id\}, x, y)$
evaluate ${}^t xQx$	`qfeval`$(\{Q = id\}, x)$
signature of quad form ${}^t y * x * y$	`qfsign`(x)
decomp into squares of ${}^t y * x * y$	`qfgaussred`(x)
eigenvalues/vectors for real symmetric x	`qfjacobi`(x)

HNF and SNF

upper triangular Hermite Normal Form	`mathnf`(x)
HNF of x where d is a multiple of $\det(x)$	`mathnfmod`(x, d)
multiple of $\det(x)$	`matdetint`(x)
HNF of $(x \mid$ `diagonal`$(D))$	`mathnfmodid`(x, D)
elementary divisors of x	`matsnf`(x)
elementary divisors of $\mathbf{Z}[a]/(f'(a))$	`poldiscreduced`(f)
integer kernel of x	`matkerint`(x)
$\mathbf{Z}$-module $\leftrightarrow$ $\mathbf{Q}$-vector space	`matrixqz`(x, p)

Lattices

LLL-algorithm applied to columns of x	`qflll`$(x, \{flag\})$
... for Gram matrix of lattice	`qflllgram`$(x, \{flag\})$
find up to m sols of `qfnorm`$(x, y) \le b$	`qfminim`(x, b, m)
v, $v[i]$:=number of y s.t. `qfnorm`$(x, y) = i$	`qfrep`$(x, B, \{flag\})$
perfection rank of x	`qfperfection`(x)
find isomorphism between q and Q	`qfisom`(q, Q)
precompute for isomorphism test with q	`qfisominit`(q)
automorphism group of q	`qfauto`(q)
convert `qfauto` for GAP/Magma	`qfautoexport`$(G, \{flag\})$
orbits of V under $G \subset \mathrm{GL}(V)$	`qforbits`(G, V)

Polynomials & Rational Functions

all defined polynomial variables	`variables`()
get var. of highest priority (higher than v)	`varhigher`$(name, \{v\})$
... of lowest priority (lower than v)	`varlower`$(name, \{v\})$

Coefficients, variables and basic operators

degree of f	`poldegree`(f)
coeff. of degree n of f, leading coeff.	`polcoeff`(f, n), `pollead`
main variable / all variables in f	`variable`(f), `variables`(f)
replace x by y in f	`subst`(f, x, y)
evaluate f replacing vars by their value	`eval`(f)
replace polynomial expr. $T(x)$ by y in f	`substpol`(f, T, y)
replace $x_1, \ldots, x_n$ by $y_1, \ldots, y_n$ in f	`substvec`(f, x, y)
reciprocal polynomial $x^{\deg f} f(1/x)$	`polrecip`(f)
gcd of coefficients of f	`content`(f)
derivative of f w.r.t. x	`deriv`$(f, \{x\})$
formal integral of f w.r.t. x	`intformal`$(f, \{x\})$
formal sum of f w.r.t. x	`sumformal`$(f, \{x\})$

Constructors & Special Polynomials

interpolating pol. eval. at a	`polinterpolate`$(X, \{Y\}, \{a\})$
P_n, T_n/U_n, H_n	`pollegendre`, `polchebyshev`, `polhermite`
n-th cyclotomic polynomial Φ_n	`polcyclo`$(n, \{v\})$
return n if $f = \Phi_n$, else 0	`poliscyclo`(f)
is f a product of cyclotomic polynomials?	`poliscycloprod`(f)
Zagier's polynomial of index (n, m)	`polzagier`(n, m)

Resultant, elimination

discriminant of polynomial f	`poldisc`(f)
resultant $R = \mathrm{Res}_v(f, g)$	`polresultant`$(f, g, \{v\})$
$[u, v, R]$, $xu + yv = \mathrm{Res}_v(f, g)$	`polresultantext`$(x, y, \{v\})$
solve Thue equation $f(x, y) = a$	`thue`$(t, a, \{sol\})$
initialize t for Thue equation solver	`thueinit`(f)

Based on an earlier version by Joseph H. Silverman

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Roots and Factorization

complex roots of f	`polroots`(f)
number of real roots of f (in $[a,b]$)	`polsturm`$(f,\{[a,b]\})$
real roots of f (in $[a,b]$)	`polrootsreal`$(f,\{[a,b]\})$
symmetric powers of roots of f up to n	`polsym`(f,n)
Graeffe transform of f, $g(x^2)=f(x)f(-x)$	`polgraeffe`(f)
factor f	`factor`(f)
factor f mod p / roots	`factormod`(f,p), `polrootsmod`
... using Cantor-Zassenhaus	`factorcantor`(f,p)
factor f over $\mathbf{F}_{p^a}$ / roots	`factorff`(f,p,a), `polrootsff`
factor f over $\mathbf{Q}_p$ / roots	`factorpadic`(f,p,r), `polrootspadic`
cyclotomic factors of $f\in\mathbf{Q}[X]$	`polcyclofactors`(f)
find irreducible $T\in\mathbf{F}_p[x]$, $\deg T=n$	`ffinit`$(p,n,\{x\})$
$\#\{$monic irred. $T\in\mathbf{F}_q[x], \deg T=n\}$	`ffnbirred`(q,n)
p-adic root of f congruent to a mod p	`padicappr`(f,a)
Newton polygon of f for prime p	`newtonpoly`(f,p)
Hensel lift $A/\mathrm{lc}(A)=\prod_i B[i]$ mod p^e	`polhensellift`(A,B,p,e)
extensions of $\mathbf{Q}_p$ of degree N	`padicfields`(p,N)

Formal & p-adic Series

truncate power series or p-adic number	`truncate`(x)
valuation of x at p	`valuation`(x,p)

Dirichlet and Power Series

Taylor expansion around 0 of f w.r.t. x	`taylor`(f,x)
$\sum a_k b_k t^k$ from $\sum a_k t^k$ and $\sum b_k t^k$	`serconvol`(a,b)
$f=\sum a_k t^k$ from $\sum (a_k/k!)t^k$	`serlaplace`(f)
reverse power series F so $F(f(x))=x$	`serreverse`(f)
Dirichlet series multiplication / division	`dirmul`, `dirdiv`(x,y)
Dirichlet Euler product (b terms)	`direuler`$(p=a,b,expr)$

Transcendental and p-adic Functions

real, imaginary part of x	`real`(x), `imag`(x)
absolute value, argument of x	`abs`(x), `arg`(x)
square/nth root of x	`sqrt`(x), `sqrtn`$(x,n,\{\&z\})$
trig functions	`sin, cos, tan, cotan, sinc`
inverse trig functions	`asin, acos, atan`
hyperbolic functions	`sinh, cosh, tanh, cotanh`
inverse hyperbolic functions	`asinh, acosh, atanh`
$\log(x)$, e^x, e^x-1	`log`, `exp`, `expm1`
Euler Γ function, $\log\Gamma$, Γ'/Γ	`gamma`, `lngamma`, `psi`
half-integer gamma function $\Gamma(n+1/2)$	`gammah`(n)
Riemann's zeta $\zeta(s)=\sum n^{-s}$	`zeta`(s)
multiple zeta value (MZV), $\zeta(s_1,\ldots,s_k)$	`zetamult`(s)
incomplete Γ function ($y=\Gamma(s)$)	`incgam`$(s,x,\{y\})$
complementary incomplete Γ	`incgamc`(s,x)
exponential integral $\int_x^\infty e^{-t}/t\,dt$	`eint1`(x)
error function $2/\sqrt{\pi}\int_x^\infty e^{-t^2}dt$	`erfc`(x)
dilogarithm of x	`dilog`(x)
m-th polylogarithm of x	`polylog`$(m,x,\{flag\})$
U-confluent hypergeometric function	`hyperu`(a,b,u)
Bessel $J_n(x)$, $J_{n+1/2}(x)$	`besselj`(n,x), `besseljh`(n,x)
Bessel I_ν, K_ν, H^1_ν, H^2_ν, N_ν	`(bessel)i`, `k`, `h1`, `h2`, `n`
Lambert W: x s.t. $xe^x=y$	`lambertw`(y)
Teichmuller character of p-adic x	`teichmuller`(x)

Iterations, Sums & Products

Numerical integration for meromorphic functions

Behaviour at endpoint for Double Exponential methods: either a scalar ($a\in\mathbf{C}$, regular) or $\pm$`oo` (decreasing at least as x^{-2}) or

$(x-a)^{-\alpha}$ singularity	$[a,\alpha]$
exponential decrease $e^{-\alpha\lvert x\rvert}$	$[\pm\infty,\alpha]$, $\alpha>0$
slow decrease $\lvert x\rvert^\alpha$	$\ldots\alpha<-1$
oscillating as $\cos(kx)$)	$\alpha=k$`I`, $k>0$
oscillating as $\sin(kx)$)	$\alpha=-k$`I`, $k>0$

numerical integration	`intnum`$(x=a,b,f,\{T\})$
weights T for `intnum`	`intnuminit`$(a,b,\{m\})$
weights T incl. kernel K	`intfuncinit`$(a,b,K,\{m\})$
integrate $(2i\pi)^{-1}f$ on circle $\lvert z-a\rvert=R$	`intcirc`$(x=a,R,f,\{T\})$

Other integration methods

n-point Gauss-Legendre	`intnumgauss`$(x=a,b,f,\{n\})$
weights for n-point Gauss-Legendre	`intnumgaussinit`$(\{n\})$
Romberg integration (low accuracy)	`intnumromb`$(x=a,b,f,\{flag\})$

Numerical summation

sum of series $f(n)$, $n\ge a$ (low accuracy)	`suminf`$(n=a,expr)$
sum of alternating/positive series	`sumalt`, `sumpos`
sum of series using Euler-Maclaurin	`sumnum`$(n=a,f,\{T\})$
weights for `sumnum`, a as in DE	`sumnuminit`$(\{\infty,a\})$
sum of series by Monien summation	`sumnummonien`$(n=a,f,\{T\})$
weights for `sumnummonien`	`sumnummonieninit`$(\{\infty,a\})$

Products

product $a\le X\le b$, initialized at x	`prod`$(X=a,b,expr,\{x\})$
product over primes $a\le X\le b$	`prodeuler`$(X=a,b,expr)$
infinite product $a\le X\le\infty$	`prodinf`$(X=a,expr)$

Other numerical methods

real root of f in $[a,b]$; bracketed root	`solve`$(X=a,b,f)$
... by interval splitting	`solvestep`$(X=a,b,f,\{flag=0\})$
limit of $f(t)$, $t\to\infty$	`limitnum(f, {k}, {alpha})`
asymptotic expansion of f at ∞	`asympnum(f, {k}, {alpha})`
numerical derivation w.r.t x: $f'(a)$	`derivnum`$(x=a,f)$
evaluate continued fraction F at t	`contfraceval`$(F,t,\{L\})$
power series to cont. fraction (L terms)	`contfracinit`$(S,\{L\})$
Padé approximant (deg. denom. $\le B$)	`bestapprPade`$(S,\{B\})$

Elementary Arithmetic Functions

vector of binary digits of $\lvert x\rvert$	`binary`(x)
bit number n of integer x	`bittest`(x,n)
Hamming weight of integer x	`hammingweight`(x)
digits of integer x in base B	`digits`$(x,\{B=10\})$
sum of digits of integer x in base B	`sumdigits`$(x,\{B=10\})$
integer from digits	`fromdigits`$(v,\{B=10\})$
ceiling/floor/fractional part	`ceil`, `floor`, `frac`
round x to nearest integer	`round`$(x,\{\&e\})$
truncate x	`truncate`$(x,\{\&e\})$
gcd/LCM of x and y	`gcd`(x,y), `lcm`(x,y)
gcd of entries of a vector/matrix	`content`(x)

Primes and Factorization

extra prime table	`addprimes`$()$
add primes in v to prime table	`addprimes`(v)
remove primes from prime table	`removeprimes`(v)
Chebyshev $\pi(x)$, n-th prime p_n	`primepi`(x), `prime`(n)
vector of first n primes	`primes`(n)
smallest prime $\ge x$	`nextprime`(x)
largest prime $\le x$	`precprime`(x)
factorization of x	`factor`$(x,\{lim\})$
... selecting specific algorithms	`factorint`$(x,\{flag=0\})$
$n=df^2$, d squarefree/fundamental	`core`$(n,\{fl\})$, `coredisc`
recover x from its factorization	`factorback`$(f,\{e\})$
$x\in\mathbf{Z}$, $\lvert x\rvert\le X$, $\gcd(N,P(x))\ge N$	`zncoppersmith`$(P,N,X,\{B\})$

Divisors and multiplicative functions

number of prime divisors $\omega(n)$ / $\Omega(n)$	`omega`(n), `bigomega`
divisors of n / number of divisors $\tau(n)$	`divisors`(n), `numdiv`
sum of (k-th powers of) divisors of n	`sigma`$(n,\{k\})$
Möbius μ-function	`moebius`(x)
Ramanujan's τ-function	`ramanujantau`(x)

Combinatorics

factorial of x	x`!` or `factorial`(x)
binomial coefficient $\binom{x}{y}$	`binomial`(x,y)
Bernoulli number B_n as real/rational	`bernreal`(n), `bernfrac`
Bernoulli polynomial $B_n(x)$	`bernpol`$(n,\{x\})$
n-th Fibonacci number	`fibonacci`(n)
Stirling numbers $s(n,k)$ and $S(n,k)$	`stirling`$(n,k,\{flag\})$
number of partitions of n	`numbpart`(n)
k-th permutation on n letters	`numtoperm`(n,k)
convert permutation to (n,k) form	`permtonum`(v)

Multiplicative groups $(\mathbf{Z}/N\mathbf{Z})^*$, $\mathbf{F}_q^*$

Euler ϕ-function	`eulerphi`(x)
multiplicative order of x (divides o)	`znorder`$(x,\{o\})$, `fforder`
primitive root mod q / x`.mod`	`znprimroot`(q), `ffprimroot`(x)
structure of $(\mathbf{Z}/n\mathbf{Z})^*$	`znstar`(n)
discrete logarithm of x in base g	`znlog`$(x,g,\{o\})$, `fflog`
Kronecker-Legendre symbol $(\frac{x}{y})$	`kronecker`(x,y)
quadratic Hilbert symbol (at p)	`hilbert`$(x,y,\{p\})$

Miscellaneous

integer square / n-th root of x	`sqrtint`(x), `sqrtnint`(x,n)
largest integer e s.t. $b^e\le b$, $e=\lfloor\log_b(x)\rfloor$	`logint`$(x,b,\{\&z\})$
CRT: solve $z\equiv x$ and $z\equiv y$	`chinese`(x,y)
minimal u,v so $xu+yv=\gcd(x,y)$	`gcdext`(x,y)
continued fraction of x	`contfrac`$(x,\{b\},\{lmax\})$
last convergent of continued fraction x	`contfracpnqn`(x)
rational approximation to x (den. $\le B$)	`bestappr`$(x,\{B\}k)$

Characters

Let $cyc=[d_1,\ldots,d_k]$ represent an abelian group $G=\oplus(\mathbf{Z}/d_j\mathbf{Z})\cdot g_j$ or any structure G affording a `.cyc` method; e.g. `idealstar`$(,q)$ for Dirichlet characters. A character χ is coded by $[c_1,\ldots,c_k]$ such that $\chi(g_j)=e(n_j/d_j)$.

$\chi\cdot\psi$; χ^{-1}; $\chi\cdot\psi^{-1}$	`charmul`, `charconj`, `chardiv`
order of χ	`charorder`(cyc,χ)
kernel of χ	`charker`(cyc,χ)
$\chi(x)$, G a GP group structure	`chareval`$(G,\chi,x,\{z\})$

Dirichlet Characters

initialize $G = (\mathbf{Z}/q\mathbf{Z})^*$	`G = idealstar`$(, q)$
is χ odd?	`zncharisodd`(G, χ)
real $\chi \to$ Kronecker symbol $(D/.)$	`znchartokronecker`(G, χ)
induce $\chi \in \hat{G}$ to $\mathbf{Z}/N\mathbf{Z}$	`zncharinduce`(G, chi, N)

Conrey labelling

Conrey label $m \in (\mathbf{Z}/q\mathbf{Z})^* \to$ character	`znconreychar`(G, m)
character $\to$ Conrey label	`znconreyexp`(G, χ)
log on Conrey generators	`znconreylog`(G, m)
conductor of χ (χ_0 primitive)	`znconreyconductor`$(G, \chi, \{\chi_0\})$

True-False Tests

is x the disc. of a quadratic field?	`isfundamental`(x)
is x a prime?	`isprime`(x)
is x a strong pseudo-prime?	`ispseudoprime`(x)
is x square-free?	`issquarefree`(x)
is x a square?	`issquare`$(x, \{\&n\})$
is x a perfect power?	`ispower`$(x, \{k\}, \{\&n\})$
is x a perfect power of a prime? $(x = p^n)$	`isprimepower`$(x, \&n\})$
... of a pseudoprime?	`ispseudoprimepower`$(x, \&n\})$
is x powerful?	`ispowerful`(x)
is x a totient? $(x = \varphi(n))$	`istotient`$(x, \{\&n\})$
is x a polygonal number? $(x = P(s, n))$	`ispolygonal`$(x, s, \{\&n\})$
is pol irreducible?	`polisirreducible`(pol)

Graphic Functions

crude graph of $expr$ between a and b	`plot`$(X = a, b, expr)$

High-resolution plot (immediate plot)

plot $expr$ between a and b	`ploth`$(X = a, b, expr, \{flag\}, \{n\})$
plot points given by lists lx, ly	`plothraw`$(lx, ly, \{flag\})$
terminal dimensions	`plothsizes`$()$

Rectwindow functions

init window w, with size x,y	`plotinit`(w, x, y)
erase window w	`plotkill`(w)
copy w to w_2 with offset (dx, dy)	`plotcopy`(w, w_2, dx, dy)
clips contents of w	`plotclip`(w)
scale coordinates in w	`plotscale`(w, x_1, x_2, y_1, y_2)
`ploth` in w	`plotrecth`$(w, X = a, b, expr, \{flag\}, \{n\})$
`plothraw` in w	`plotrecthraw`$(w, data, \{flag\})$
draw window w_1 at (x_1, y_1), ...	`plotdraw`$([[w_1, x_1, y_1], \ldots])$

Low-level Rectwindow Functions

set current drawing color in w to c	`plotcolor`(w, c)
current position of cursor in w	`plotcursor`(w)
write s at cursor's position	`plotstring`(w, s)
move cursor to (x, y)	`plotmove`(w, x, y)
move cursor to $(x + dx, y + dy)$	`plotrmove`(w, dx, dy)
draw a box to (x_2, y_2)	`plotbox`(w, x_2, y_2)
draw a box to $(x + dx, y + dy)$	`plotrbox`(w, dx, dy)
draw polygon	`plotlines`$(w, lx, ly, \{flag\})$
draw points	`plotpoints`(w, lx, ly)
draw line to $(x + dx, y + dy)$	`plotrline`(w, dx, dy)
draw point $(x + dx, y + dy)$	`plotrpoint`(w, dx, dy)
draw point $(x + dx, y + dy)$	`plotrpoint`(w, dx, dy)

Postscript Functions

as `ploth`	`psploth`$(X = a, b, expr, \{flag\}, \{n\})$
as `plothraw`	`psplothraw`$(lx, ly, \{flag\})$
as `plotdraw`	`psdraw`$([[w_1, x_1, y_1], \ldots])$

Based on an earlier version by Joseph H. Silverman

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